UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT

for the

Eastern District of Tennessee

United States of America v. Dartavia Devon Smith-Wilson Defendant) Case No. 3:21-MJ-2207	
ORDER OF DETENTION PENDING TRIAL		
Part I - Eligibility for Detention		
Upon the		
the Court held a detention hearing and found that detention	suant to 18 U.S.C. § 3142(f)(1), or wn motion pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 3142(f)(2), ion is warranted. This order sets forth the Court's findings of fac- (i), in addition to any other findings made at the hearing.	
	Law as to Presumptions under § 3142(e)	
presumption that no condition or combination of cand the community because the following condition [1] (1) the defendant is charged with one of the [a] a crime of violence, a violation of § 2332b(g)(5)(B) for which a maximum [b] (a) an offense for which the maximum [c] (b) an offense for which a maximum to Controlled Substances Act (21 U.S.C. (21 U.S.C. §§ 951-971), or Chapter 70 [d] (d) any felony if such person has been (a) through (c) of this paragraph, or two described in subparagraphs (a) through jurisdiction had existed, or a combinate [e] any felony that is not otherwise a (i) a minor victim; (ii) the possession (iii) any other dangerous weapon; or (2) the defendant has previously been conv § 3142(f)(1), or of a State or local offense to	e following crimes described in 18 U.S.C. § 3142(f)(1): 18 U.S.C. § 1591, or an offense listed in 18 U.S.C. Important term of imprisonment of 10 years or more is prescribed; or In sentence is life imprisonment or death; or In convicted in substances Import and Export Act In sentence is life imprisonment or death; or In convicted of two or more offenses described in subparagraphs In convicted of two or more offenses described in subparagraphs In convicted of two or more offenses that would have been offenses In convicted of this paragraph if a circumstance giving rise to Federal It is followed by the converted in the converted by the converted in the converted in the converted by the converte	
	bove for which the defendant has been convicted was ase pending trial for a Federal, State, or local offense; <i>and</i>	

(4) a period of not more than five years has elapsed since the date of conviction, or the release of the defendant from imprisonment, for the offense described in paragraph (2) above, whichever is later.

☑ B. Rebuttable Presumption Arises Under 18 U.S.C. § 3142(e)(3) (narcotics, firearm, other offenses): There is a	
rebuttable presumption that no condition or combination of conditions will reasonably assure the appearance of the defendant as required and the safety of the community because there is probable cause to believe that the defendance committed one or more of the following offenses:	
\boxtimes (1) an offense for which a maximum term of imprisonment of 10 years or more is prescribed in the	
Controlled Substances Act (21 U.S.C. §§ 801-904), the Controlled Substances Import and Export Act (21 U.S.C. §§ 951-971), or Chapter 705 of Title 46, U.S.C. (46 U.S.C. §§ 70501-70508);	
(2) an offense under 18 U.S.C. §§ 924(c), 956(a), or 2332b;	
(3) an offense listed in 18 U.S.C. § 2332b(g)(5)(B) for which a maximum term of imprisonment of 10 year or more is prescribed;	rs
(4) an offense under Chapter 77 of Title 18, U.S.C. (18 U.S.C. §§ 1581-1597) for which a maximum term imprisonment of 20 years or more is prescribed; or	of
(5) an offense involving a minor victim under 18 U.S.C. §§ 1201, 1591, 2241, 2242, 2244(a)(1), 2245, 2251, 2251A, 2252(a)(1), 2252(a)(2), 2252(a)(3), 2252A(a)(1), 2252A(a)(2), 2252A(a)(3), 2252A(a)(4), 2260, 2421, 2422, 2423, or 2425.	
☐ C. Conclusions Regarding Applicability of Any Presumption Established Above	
The defendant has not introduced sufficient evidence to rebut the presumption above, and detention is ordered on that basis. (Part III need not be completed.)	
OR	
The defendant has presented evidence sufficient to rebut the presumption, but after considering the presumption and the other factors discussed below, detention is warranted.	
Part III - Analysis and Statement of the Reasons for Detention	
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OTHER REASONS OR FURTHER EXPLANATION:

The Court finds that the evidence and other information provided at the hearing established by clear and convincing evidence that the Defendant poses a serious risk of danger to the community, as well as that by a preponderance of evidence that the Defendant is a risk of non-appearance, and ultimately no condition or combination of conditions will reasonably assure the safety of the community or ensure the Defendant's appearance at trial if the Defendant were released on bond. The factors set forth in 18 U.S.C. § 3142(g) weigh in favor of detention. The Court sets forth the reasons for detention with more specificity in the attached supplemental Statement of Reasons.

Part IV - Directions Regarding Detention

The defendant is remanded to the custody of the Attorney General or to the Attorney General's designated representative for confinement in a corrections facility separate, to the extent practicable, from persons awaiting or serving sentences or being held in custody pending appeal. The defendant must be afforded a reasonable opportunity for private consultation with defense counsel. On order of a court of the United States or on request of an attorney for the Government, the person in charge of the corrections facility must deliver the defendant to a United States Marshal for the purpose of an appearance in connection with a court proceeding.

Date:	November 15, 2021	Bruce Lanta
		United States Magistrate Judge